

Sınav süresi 120 dakikadır.

Sınav Tarihi: ... / ... /

Dinleme bölümündeki soruların değeri 3, diğer bölümlerdeki soruların değeri 1 puandır.

ÖĞRENCİNİN;	
Adı Soyadı:	
Öğrenci Numarası:	
Bölümü:	
İmzası:	

SINAVDA UYULACAK KURALLAR

- Öğretim elemanı sınav başlamadan önce veya sınav sırasında kimlik kontrolü yapar.
- Sınav başlamadan tüm öğrenciler cep telefonlarını kapatarak öğretim elemanının uygun gördüğü bir yere bırakmak zorundadır. **Sınav esnasında cep telefonu bulundurmamak kopya girişimi sayılır.**
- Öğretim elemanları her sınavdan önce öğrencilerin yerlerini düzenlemeye, sınav sırasında değiştirmeye, sınavın sağlıklı geçmesi için gerekli her türlü direktifi vermeye yetkilidir. Bu konularda güçlük çıkaran **öğrenciyle ilgili yazılı tutanak tutulup, öğrencinin sınavı geçersiz sayılabilir.**
- Sınav sırasında öğretim elemanlarından sorularla ilgili açıklama yapmaları istenemez.
- Sınavlarına **ilk 15 dakikadan** sonra geç gelen öğrenci sınava alınmaz.
- Cevap kâğıdına yazılacak her türlü yazıda ve yapılacak bütün işlemlerde **kurşun kalem** kullanılacaktır. Tükenmez veya dolma kalem kullanılmayacaktır.
- Sınav sırasında, öğrencilerin birbirlerinden kalem, silgi vb. şeyleri istemeleri yasaktır.
- Sınav sırasında yazılı veya sözlü olarak kopya çeken, çekmeye teşebbüs eden, kopya veren, kopya çekilmesine yardım edenlerin kimlikleri salon sınav tutanağına yazılacak ve **YÖK Öğrenci Disiplin Yönetmeliğine** göre işlem yapılacaktır.
- Sınav süresince -dinleme bölümü dışında- sınıf kapıları açık bulundurulacaktır.
- **Cevapların cevap kâğıdına işlenmiş olması gereklidir.** Soru kitapçığına işaretlenen cevaplar geçerli değildir.
- Sınav salonundan ayrılmadan önce **soru kitapçığını ve cevap kâğıdınızı** sınav sorumlusuna teslim etmeyi unutmayınız.

DİKKAT:

Adımı soyadımı ve numarasımı doğru kodlamayanlar ile kitapçık türünü işaretlemeyenlerin sınavları değerlendirilmeyecektir.

BU KİTAPÇIĞIN TÜRÜ

A

DİNLEME BÖLÜMÜ

In this section, you will listen to the conversation about the human body. Before you listen to the conversation, you will be given 1 minute in order to have a look at the four alternative answers. The conversation will be listened TWICE. While you're listening, mark the right answer to the question according to the audio.

1. Only about one tenth of the cells in your body are _____.

- A) alive
- B) really you**
- C) bacteria
- D) dead

2. Bacteria are mostly _____.

- A) really helpful**
- B) bad for humans
- C) neither good nor bad
- D) bad for animals

3. Animals need bacteria to _____.

- A) fight diseases
- B) provide energy
- C) digest food**
- D) survive

4. You have _____ cells in your body.

- A) 7 thousand
- B) 7 million
- C) 7 trillion
- D) 7 octillions**

5. Mites are very small creatures that are about _____.

- A) 3 millimeters long
- B) a third of a millimeter long**
- C) 0.03 millimeters long
- D) 13 millimeters long

DİL BİLGİSİ BÖLÜMÜ

Read the sentences below and choose the right word to fill in the blanks.

6. Alex: _____ do you live with and _____?

Barbara: With my parents in Alabama.

- A) **Who – where**
- B) Where – who
- C) What – which
- D) Whose – when

7. Betty's brothers _____ very tall, but my sister _____ taller than them.

- A) is – are
- B) **are – is**
- C) isn't – are
- D) aren't – isn't

8. Jim lives in a city. _____ flat is very big.

- A) He
- B) Her
- C) **His**
- D) Its

9. Shh! Be quiet! The baby is sleeping. _____ say a word!

- A) Let's
- B) **Don't**
- C) Do
- D) Be

10. We always go _____ holiday _____ August.

- A) on – on
- B) in – in
- C) in – on
- D) **on – in**

11. *Jeremy*: Who's that girl over there?

Kathy: I don't know. I've _____ seen her before.

- A) ever
- B) never**
- C) yet
- D) already

12. Hello Jennifer, this is Tina speaking! I am sorry but my uncle is late. I am waiting for _____ because he is going to give _____ a lift.

- A) me – her
- B) his – him
- C) her – him
- D) him – me**

13. We can't make chips for dinner. There aren't _____ potatoes but we have _____ meat so we can make meatballs. What do you think?

- A) some – some
- B) any – some**
- C) a few – any
- D) a little – some

14. *Jeremy*: How was your holiday?

Michelle: The hotel was full. There _____ a lot of German tourists.

- A) was
- B) is
- C) were**
- D) are

15. This film is _____ than the one we watched last night.

- A) long
- B) more long
- C) as long as

D) longer

16. My brother chose _____ shoes in the shop. All the other shoes were cheaper.

A) the most expensive

B) the expensivest

C) more expensive

D) the more expensive

17. Although the weather was rainy, they played really _____ and they won the match. The score was 4-1.

A) good

B) better

C) best

D) well

18. Natalie likes walking. She _____ the dog for a walk twice a day.

A) take

B) takes

C) took

D) taken

19. They _____ to my birthday party tomorrow because Jack is ill.

A) were going to come

B) aren't going to come

C) are coming

D) wouldn't come

20. I _____ never _____ this book but I'd love to.

A) am / read

B) was / read

C) have / read

D) did / read

21. Due to the coronavirus, my husband is working _____ these days.

- A) **incredibly hard**
- B) hard incredibly
- C) incredibly hardly
- D) hardly incredibly

22. What do we need _____ next?

- A) do
- B) doing
- C) to doing
- D) **to do**

23. _____ usually spend more time while they are shopping.

- A) Woman
- B) **Women**
- C) The women
- D) The woman

24. You should go to that restaurant. It's _____ best place to eat in the city center.

- A) –
- B) a
- C) **the**
- D) one

25. *Tamara*: Have you ever met a famous person?

Samuel: Yes, I have met a famous film actor, Brad Pitt.

Tamara: When _____ you _____ him?

Samuel: Two years ago.

- A) have / met
- B) **did / meet**
- C) were / meet
- D) will / meet

26. I looked _____ Coldplay on Wikipedia – the band started in 1996.

- A) in
- B) with
- C) up**
- D) at

27. You were shouting in your sleep last night. What _____ about?

- A) are you dreaming
- B) you were dreaming
- C) were you dreaming**
- D) you are dreaming

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA BÖLÜMÜ

Read the sentences/questions below and circle the right answer to complete the rest.

28. I've already eaten my meal but _____.

- A) I'm full enough
- B) I'm really happy
- C) I'm still hungry**
- D) I'm already here

29. *Amy:* I am confused. What kind of clothes should I pack for a trip to New York?

Zidane: Well, _____.

- A) it depends on the time of season that you want to go**
- B) it depends on the people you're going to live with
- C) it depends on the friends that you hang out
- D) it depends on the job you're applying to

30. Jack has been working on this project only for three months. Therefore, _____, he needs more time to complete it.

- A) he is happy to work for this company
- B) he hasn't made much progress yet**
- C) he wasn't able to come to the office yesterday

D) he wants to go to Canada for his job

32. No name is written on this book. Mine's got my name on the front, then _____.

A) it mustn't be mine

B) it won't be mine

C) it can't be mine

D) it might be mine

33. *Suleiman*: I've got to be at work in five minutes.

Nancy: Don't worry, _____.

A) I give you a lift if you want

B) I am giving you a lift if you want

C) I'll give you a lift if you want

D) I have given a lift if you want

BOŞLUK DOLDURMA BÖLÜMÜ

33-37: For these questions, choose the best word or expression to fill the spaces in the passage.

Braille is a special system of writing and reading for blind people. Braille letters are made up of dots, or bumps. Blind people read these dots by **33** _____ their fingerprints across them to recognize the pattern of dots. Braille uses a special **34** _____ of sixty-three characters. Each character has one to six dots. These dots are arranged in a six-position pattern. For example, in the pattern for the letter C, the top two dots are raised, but the lower four are not. Braille gets its name **35** _____ the inventor of this writing system. Louis Braille, a blind science and music teacher, **36** _____ this special alphabet in France in the 1800s. Today millions of blind people all over the world are able to read and write because of this simple **37** _____ communication system.

33. A) move B) to move C) to moving **D) moving**

34. A) symbol B) mark **C) alphabet** D) letter

35. **A) from** B) in C) by D) after

36. A) showed **B) invented** C) declared D) published

37. **A) effective** B) challenging C) abstruse D) uneasy

ÇEVİRİ BÖLÜMÜ

38-45: For these questions, choose the most accurate Turkish translation of the sentences in English, and the most accurate English translation of the sentences in Turkish.

38. Birçok sosyal psikolog ilgisini aşırı tütün, alkol ve diğer maddelerden kaçınma gibi sağlık uygulamalarını ilerletmeye yöneltti.

- A) **Many social psychologists have turned their attention to promoting health practices such as avoiding the abuse of tobacco, alcohol and other substances.**
- B) Some social psychologists turn their attention to promoting health practices such as avoiding the abuse of tobacco, alcohol and other substances.
- C) Many social psychologists have already paid their attention to promoting health practices such as avoiding the abuse of tobacco, alcohol and other substances.
- D) There are many social psychologists who have turned their attention to promoting health practices such as avoiding the abuse of tobacco, alcohol and other substances.

39. Birçok çalışma sigara içenlerin sigara içmeyi bıraktıklarında yaklaşık iki hafta sürebilen baş ağrısı, endişe ve huzursuzluk gibi geçici belirtilere rağmen daha iyi uyduklarını göstermiştir.

- A) **A good deal of studies have shown that when smokers quit smoking, they sleep better regardless of temporary symptoms such as headache, anxiety and restlessness, which may continue for approximately two weeks.**
- B) Recent studies have shown that when smokers quit smoking, they sleep better regardless of temporary symptoms such as headache, anxiety and restlessness, which may continue for approximately two weeks.
- C) A great deal of studies have shown that when smokers quit smoking, they need to sleep in order to recover from symptoms such as headache, anxiety and restlessness, which may continue for about two weeks.
- D) Recent studies have shown that when smokers experience headache, anxiety and restlessness, they may not sleep for some time which may last up to two weeks.

40. Vücudun kendini önemli ölçüde yenilemesini sağlayan öğle uykusu, İspanya'nın etkisi altında kalan Filipinler gibi sıcak ülkelerde uygulanan yaygın bir gelenektir.

- A) Practised commonly in hot countries which are under Spanish influence such as the Philippines, siesta is a popular tradition that helps the body renew itself easily.
- B) **Siesta, which helps the body renew itself to a great extent, is a common tradition especially practised in hot countries which are under Spanish influence such as the Philippines.**
- C) Generally, practised in hot countries like the Philippines, siesta is a popular tradition that helps the body renew itself with ease.
- D) Besides being a widespread tradition generally practised in hot countries which are under the effect of Spain such as the Philippines, siesta helps the body renew itself to a great extent.

41. Organik çiftçiler kimyasal gübre kullanmazlar; fakat, ürün artıklarını ve doğal gübreyi toprağa karıştırarak toprağın verimliliğini artırır.

- A) Although organic farmers do not use any chemical fertilisers, they successfully create a fertile soil by adding crop residues and manure into the soil.
- B) Though organic farmers don't use any chemical fertilisers, they build up soil fertility by adding crop residues and manure into the soil.
- C) **Organic farmers don't use chemical fertilisers; however, they build up soil fertility by adding crop residues and manure into the soil.**
- D) Even though organic farmers don't use chemical fertilisers, they build up soil fertility by adding crop residues and manure into the soil.

42. Milk and other dairy products have long been known as quite nutritious foods, rich in minerals and protein essential for good teeth and strong bones.

- A) Eskiden beri bilindiği üzere, sağlıklı diş ve kuvvetli kemikler için zengin protein ve mineraller içeren süt ve süt ürünleri, oldukça besleyici gıdalardır.
- B) Sağlam diş ve kuvvetli kemikler için zengin protein ve mineraller içeren süt ve süt ürünlerinin, çok yararlı gıdalar olduğu eskiden de kabul edilirdi.
- C) **Süt ve diğer süt ürünleri eskiden beri sağlam diş ve kuvvetli kemikler için gerekli olan protein ve mineraller bakımından zengin, son derece besleyici gıdalar olarak bilinmektedir.**
- D) Sağlam diş ve kuvvetli kemikler için protein ve mineraller bakımından zengin olduğu bilinen süt ürünlerinin, çok yararlı gıdalar olduğu eskiden de kabul edilirdi.

43. Charlotte Brontë is one of the few novelists whose works did not become unpopular after her death.

- A) Charlotte Brontë, ölümünden sonra bile popülerliğini koruyan eserler vermiş bir romancıdır.
- B) Charlotte Brontë ölümünden sonra bile eserleri popülerliğini kaybetmeyen birkaç yazardan biridir.
- C) **Charlotte Brontë ölümünden sonra eserleri popülerliğini kaybetmeyen birkaç yazardan biridir.**
- D) Ölümünden sonra eserleri popülerliğini hep koruyan birkaç romancıdan biri de Charlotte Brontë'dir.

44. Yoga is a spiritual discipline based on an extremely subtle science, which focuses on harmony between mind and body.

- A) Yoga, zihin ve beden arasındaki uyuma odaklanan, son derece incelikli bir bilime dayanan ruhsal bir disiplindir.
- B) Yoga, son derece incelikli bir bilime dayanan zihin ve bedenle uyumlu ruhsal bir disiplindir.
- C) Yoga, zihin ve beden arasındaki uyuma odaklanan, son derece incelikli bir bilim dalıdır.
- D) **Yoga, zihin ve beden arasındaki uyuma odaklanan, son derece incelikli bir bilime dayanan ruhsal bir disiplinlerden biridir.**

45. Some people assume that exercising will make them eat more; however, this is not entirely true.

- A) Pek çok insan, egzersiz yapmanın daha çok yemelerine neden olacağını sanır, oysa bu tümüyle doğru değildir.
- B) Günümüzde insanlar, egzersiz yapmanın daha çok yemelerine neden olacağını sanır, oysa bu tümüyle doğru değildir.
- C) **Bazı insanlar, egzersiz yapmanın daha çok yemelerine neden olacağını sanır, ancak bu tümüyle doğru değildir.**
- D) Bazı insanlar, egzersiz yapmanın daha çok yemelerine neden olduğunu sanır, ancak bu tamamen doğru değildir.

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA BÖLÜMÜ

Read the paragraphs below and choose the best sentence to complete the paragraphs.

46. If I want to find a word in the glossary, I look at the table of contents to see on which page the glossary starts. _____ I then turn to the page and see that the words in the glossary are arranged in alphabetical order and I can now look up the word.

- A) But do not forget that most books don't have a glossary
- B) **I know that the glossary is at the back of the book, so I skip to the end of the table of contents and look for the word 'Glossary'.**
- C) Every textbook has a table of contents as well as a preface.
- D) Reading questions at least two times is necessary to answer correctly.

47. Cooking hygiene and food include a number of routines that ought to be followed to avoid possible serious health hazards. _____. In addition, it is vital to wash hands with soap for at least twenty seconds and rinse with water before preparing food. Also, it is a must to wash the fruit, vegetables or what is to be consumed thoroughly before use.

- A) Refrigeration and caning are some of the modern processes for food preservation
- B) Freezing is one of the most widely applied processes for preserving a very wide range of food type
- C) **First of all, it is necessary to wear clean clothes and protective apron**
- D) Disease might be transferred from person to person by means of food

48. Many animals perform skilled tasks such as searching for food, building nests or taking care of the young ones. _____. On the other hand, animals do not learn these tasks. They are instinctive actions.

- A) Instinct is behavior which is completely unlearned and automatic
- B) There are many different kinds of instinct
- C) **Such complex behavior can be easily thought of as intelligent**
- D) Animals have highly specialized civilization

49. Industries are very different. _____. But each needs the products and services of other industries. In the manufacturing industry, for instance, steel companies produce huge amounts of metal. Other manufacturers use it to make many different products.

- A) Each industry does its own work
- B) Industrial societies have a lot of psychological problems
- C) Industries are unrelated to each other
- D) Industry is the masterpiece of the human heritage

50. If your children are under two years old, turn off the lights in the room when you put them to bed at night. _____. That's the advice issued last week by a group of researchers from the University of Pennsylvania.

- A) In this study, researchers didn't take into account whether parents were nearsighted
- B) There is nothing wrong with flipping a light on in the middle of the night to change a diaper
- C) There is no point in feeling guilty if your children slept with the lights on as infants
- D) Don't even leave a night light on, unless you want to increase significantly the chances that your children will grow up nearsighted

OKUMA BÖLÜMÜ

51-60: For these questions, read the passages, and choose the correct options according to passages.

Interactive Whiteboards: a beginner's guide

An interactive whiteboard is a board that is connected to a computer and projector. Everything on the computer screen can be seen on the interactive whiteboard. The teacher and learners can write on the interactive board using a pen or finger. The board is usually fixed to a wall. There is also a mobile whiteboard which you can move from classroom to classroom.

Interactive whiteboards are used in classrooms at all levels of education, for sports coaching, business meetings, and more. The use of the computer and the interactive whiteboard makes teaching very enjoyable for students and much easier for teachers.

Interactive whiteboards in schools in many countries have replaced traditional whiteboards. There are a lot of things interactive whiteboards can do to make your teaching better. Here are just a few of the ways teachers can use interactive whiteboards in the classroom. You can:

- record the lesson and keep the material for revision by students at a later time.
- save lessons for students who were **absent**.
- save lessons for future use or to be shared with other teachers.

These examples give you an idea of how useful interactive whiteboards can be for students who happen to miss a class, for 'slow' learners, and those students who need help with their revisions.

51. This text was written for _____.

- A) pupils
- B) parents
- C) **teachers**
- D) managers

52. This text would mostly interest interactive whiteboard users _____

- A) **who are experienced in this technology.**

- B) who are just starting off.
- C) who have problem with its use.
- D) who knows everything better.

53. According to the text, which option is not a feature of interactive whiteboards?
- A) You can write without a pen on interactive whiteboards.
 - B) Anyone who can use a computer can learn to use an interactive whiteboard.
 - C) Interactive whiteboards make teaching enjoyable.
 - D) Interactive whiteboards are used only with adult students.**

54. For whom do the examples in the text provide help?
- A) For students who need help and learn slowly.**
 - B) For teachers who teach slowly.
 - C) For students who are fast learners.
 - D) For teachers who want to teach traditionally.

55. What is the opposite meaning of “**absent**” according to text?
- A) Present**
 - B) Away
 - C) Missing
 - D) Unavailable

¹The Olympic Games have a long history which goes back to ancient times, starting in Greece 3,000 years ago. Sports competitions were organized at Olympia and were named after their location, hence their name of Olympic Games.

²Olympic athletes had to be male, of Greek nationality, and not slaves. They promised to compete in an honorable way and to follow the rules, but some athletes still cheated. If caught, they had to pay a large fine and this money was used to pay for statues of Zeus, which were located along the route to the stadium with the name of the cheat on each base. To get to the stadium, the athletes had to walk past all the statues.

³Unlike the modern Olympics, which currently includes 35 sports and nearly 400 events, many of which are team sports such as football and basketball, the ancient Games only included individual events. Seven types of events took place in the stadium, including running, discus, javelin, long jump, wrestling, and boxing. There was also chariot racing and horse riding in the hippodrome.

⁴The Olympic Games became a major sports event but the Roman Emperor Theodosius I finally decided to ban the Olympic Games in 393 AD after more than 1,000 years of existence because he thought they were a pagan cult. Gradually the site disappeared and was forgotten. However, in the 19th century, archaeological work finally **revealed** the ruins of Olympia and today, visitors can appreciate Olympia and imagine the past glory of the Games.

56. Which option summarizes the second paragraph best?
- A) There were fewer events than today and no team sports.**
 - B) The events were very limited in the ancient Games.
 - C) The ancient Games took place in two different places.
 - D) Only a few people could compete in the ancient Games.

57. What is the meaning of the underlined word in paragraph 4?
- A) uncovered**
 - B) competed
 - C) inspired
 - D) invented

58. Which option summarizes the features of Olympic athletes in the ancient Games?

- A) Only Greek male athletes
B) Only Greek male and not slave athletes
C) Only Greek and not slave athletes
D) Only male and slave athletes
59. Why did the Roman Emperor Theodosius I ban the Olympic Games?
A) because the Olympic Games were a part of pagan culture.
B) because he could not compete in the Games.
C) because the Olympic Games became an important sport event.
D) because the Olympic Games site disappeared within time.
60. Which option can be a best title for this text?
A) The History of Olympic Games
B) The Roman Emperor and the Olympic Games
C) The Differences between the Ancient and Current Olympic Games
D) The Glory of the Games

İŞLEVSEL DİL KULLANIMI BÖLÜMÜ

61-65: For these questions, read the dialogues and choose the best option to complete the dialogue.

- 61: **Mum: Tina! Have you finished your Math homework yet?**
Tina: No mum, I've got lots of homework today. I haven't started my Math yet.
Mum: Really? _____
Tina: I've just finished Science and now I'm going to start Geography. Then I still have History and French to do. And Math, of course.
- A) **So, what have you done so far?**
B) Have you already had lunch?
C) I think you need all afternoon?
D) When will you start?
- 62: **Olivia: Right, I'm looking for a top for your party, and maybe a pair of jeans.**
Raquel: OK. _____ You look good in purple.
Olivia: Yes, it's really pretty. Oh, these are nice jeans and they're my size, too. This style is in at the moment. What do you think?
Raquel: Mmm. I'm not sure. Why don't you try them on?
- A) **How about this top?**
B) You look great.
C) Do you think the top suits me?
D) They don't fit very well.
- 63: **Matias: Did you and your family enjoy together at the competition last week?**
Brooke: Yes, it was great. _____. It was really nice for them to be able to spend time together.
- A) **My mum and my uncle hadn't seen each other for ages.**
B) We enjoyed so much.
C) My mum and I spent great time.

A) I

B) II

C) **III**

D) IV

69. (I) Doping is the use of drugs to try to improve sports performance. **(II)** This practice is banned by sports federations throughout the world. **(III)** Athletes need to know which substances are banned in sport. **(IV)** The use of drugs during athletic festivals is evident. **(V)** Furthermore, they must make sure that any product or medication they take does not contain a prohibited substance.

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

70. (I) Everyone who is interested in Formula One races knows Michael Schumacher. **(II)** Statistically he is the greatest driver of all time. **(III)** He used a homemade kart built by his father, who managed the local karting track. **(IV)** He is also the first and only German to win the drivers' championship. **(V)** Furthermore, Schumacher is the most notable and well-paid figure in the recent history of Formula 1.

A) I

B) II

C) **III**

D) IV